wildlife; management and reclamation of drilling sites, including orphaned sites; management of naturally occurring radioactive materials (NORM) generated by the drilling and production of natural gas; and the potential for seismic activity in the area in which drilling may occur. In examining this issue, the Department shall formulate regulatory requirements advisable to address potential environmental impacts and in doing so shall gather information on regulatory programs in other states where oil and gas exploration or extraction is occurring, particularly with regard to the use of hydraulic fracturing for that purpose.

- (5) Potential economic impacts, including possible sources of revenue that could accrue to the benefit of the State in the event that drilling for oil or natural gas were to take place in the State. In examining this issue, the Department of Commerce, in consultation with the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, shall gather information on (i) the number of jobs that may be expected as a result from drilling activities in the State and (ii) what severance taxes, fees, royalties, bonds, or assessments may be appropriate in connection with the activity. For any sources of revenue that may be anticipated, the Department of Commerce, in consultation with the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, shall evaluate use of the revenue for the following purposes: funds necessary to implement an oil and gas regulatory program; funds dedicated to the conservation and preservation of land and water resources; funds dedicated to remediation of environmental contamination such as the Inactive Hazardous Sites Cleanup Fund; and funds dedicated to improving water and wastewater infrastructure across the State.
- (6) Potential social impacts, including impacts of drilling operations on nearby communities and quality of life within those communities, recreational activities, and commercial and residential development.
- (7) Potential oversight and administrative issues associated with an oil and gas regulatory program, including statutory authority necessary for implementation of such a program; funding requirements necessary to implement a stable and effective program; criteria for permit issuance or denial; frequency and scope of inspections; compliance and enforcement procedures; coordination of agency involvement to ensure efficient permitting and clear delineation of compliance responsibilities; opportunities for public participation; and data management.
- (8) Consumer protection and legal issues relevant to oil and gas exploration in the State, including matters of contract and property law, mineral leases, and landowner rights. In examining these issues, the Consumer Protection Division of the Department of Justice, in consultation with the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, shall specifically examine appropriate provisions on recommended disclosures to landowners, compensation for damages, payment of royalties, and remedies for breach, and any other matters the Division deems relevant. The Division shall also study such issues in consultation with the Rural Advancement Foundation International (RAFI).
- (9) Any other pertinent issues that the Department deems relevant to oil and gas exploration in the State and the use of hydraulic fracturing for that purpose.

**SECTION 5.** By February 1, 2012, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall hold at least two public hearings at separate locations within the Triassic Basin on the issue of drilling for natural gas by means of directional and horizontal drilling and hydraulic fracturing. The public hearings shall be conducted in order to promote awareness of the issue generally and inform and consult with the public and user groups on potential